### **Nationwide**

# **HOUSE PRICE INDEX**



#### www.nationwidehousepriceindex.co.uk

October 2021

# Price of a typical UK home tops quarter of million pounds for first time

- Annual house price growth remained elevated at 9.9% in October
- Prices up 0.7% month-on-month
- Average property price up by more than £30k since the pandemic struck

Headlines	0ct-21	Sep-21
Monthly Index*	497.8	494.6
Monthly Change*	0.7%	0.2%
Annual Change	9.9%	10.0%
Average Price (not seasonally adjusted)	£250,311	£248,742

<sup>\*</sup> Seasonally adjusted figure (note that monthly % changes are revised when seasonal adjustment factors are re-estimated)

## Commenting on the figures, Robert Gardner, Nationwide's Chief Economist, said:

"Annual house price growth remained elevated in October at 9.9%, albeit marginally lower than the 10.0% recorded in September. Prices rose 0.7% in month-on-month terms, after taking account of seasonal effects. The price of a typical UK home has now passed the £250,000 mark, an increase of £30,728 since the pandemic struck in March 2020.

"Demand for homes has remained strong, despite the expiry of the stamp duty holiday at the end of September. Indeed, mortgage applications remained robust at 72,645 in September, more than 10% above the monthly average recorded in 2019. Combined with a lack of homes on the market, this helps to explain why price growth has remained robust.

"The outlook remains extremely uncertain. If the labour market remains resilient, conditions may stay fairly buoyant in the coming months – especially as the market continues to have momentum and there is scope for ongoing shifts in housing preferences as a result of the pandemic to continue to support activity.

"However, a number of factors suggest the pace of activity may slow. It is still unclear how the wider economy will respond to the withdrawal of government support measures. Consumer confidence has weakened in recent months, partly as a result of a sharp increase in the cost of living.

"Even if wider economic conditions continue to improve, rising interest rates may exert a cooling influence on the market, though the impact on existing borrowers is likely to be modest, as discussed below.

### How much of a squeeze would an increase in Bank Rate exert on households?

"There has been increased speculation that the Bank of England's Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) will increase interest rates in the coming months.

"Clearly, much will depend on the Committee's assessment of the outlook for growth and inflation, but investors expect Bank Rate to be increased from its current record low of 0.1% before the end of the year – most likely to 0.25% or 0.5% – and perhaps reaching 1% within a year, though markets project they will remain close to that level in five years' time.

"Providing the economy does not weaken significantly, the impact of a limited rise in interest rates on UK households is likely to be modest. This is partly because only a relatively small proportion of borrowers will be directly impacted by any change.

"Most lending on personal loans and credit cards is on fixed rates or tends to be unaffected by movements in the Bank Rate. Similarly, the vast majority of new mortgages have been extended on fixed interest rates in recent years, as shown in the chart below.



Media enquiries to: Robert Gardner, Chief Economist, <u>robert.gardner@nationwide.co.uk</u>
Mike Pitcher, Media Relations Manager, <u>mike.pitcher@nationwide.co.uk</u>



"Indeed, the share of outstanding mortgages on variable interest rates (and which are therefore likely to see an increase in payments if Bank Rate is increased) has fallen to its lowest level on record, at c20%, down from a peak of 70% in 2001 and c60% in 2011.

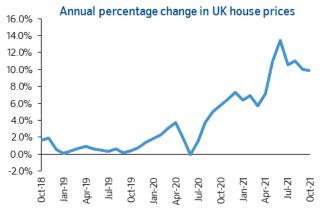
"Moreover, even a 0.4% increase in rates (to 0.5%) is likely to have a modest impact on most borrowers who are on variable rates. For example, on the average mortgage, an interest rate increase of 0.4% would raise monthly payments by £28 to £625 (equivalent to c£335 extra per year), though a rise of Bank Rate by 0.9% (to 1%) would see typical payments go up by a more substantial £64 to £660 (an extra c£765 per year).

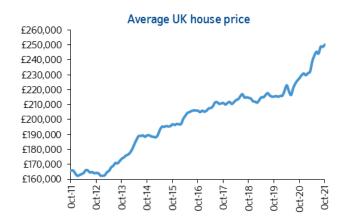
"It's important to note that a small proportion of households already have a relatively high debt service burden. For example, English Housing Survey data showed that in 2019 around 10% of homeowners spent more than 30% of their gross income on their mortgage each month. For those households, some of whom will be on variable rates, any rate rise will be a struggle, especially given the broader increase in the cost of living, even though the impact on the wider economy and most households is likely to be modest."

#### **Monthly UK House Price Statistics**

	Monthly %	3 Month on	Annual %	Average
	Change	3 Month	Change	Price
	Seasonally	% Change	Change	TITICC
	Adjusted	70 Change		
0ct-19	0.1	-0.2	0.4	215,368
Nov-19	0.3	-0.1	0.8	215,734
Dec-19	0.3	0.2	1.4	215,282
Jan-20	0.6	0.8	1.9	215,897
Feb-20	0.3	1.1	2.3	216,092
Mar-20	0.9	1.5	3.0	219,583
Apr-20	1.0	1.8	3.7	222,915
May-20	-1.7	1.4	1.8	218,902
Jun-20	-1.7	0.0	-0.1	216,403
Jul-20	1.9	-1.2	1.5	220,936
Aug-20	1.7	-0.6	3.7	224,123
Sep-20	1.1	1.7	5.0	226,129
0ct-20	0.8	3.4	5.8	227,826
Nov-20	1.0	3.7	6.5	229,721
Dec-20	1.1	3.1	7.3	230,920
Jan-21	-0.2	2.6	6.4	229,748
Feb-21	0.8	2.2	6.9	231,068
Mar-21	-0.2	1.4	5.7	232,134
Apr-21	2.3	1.7	7.1	238,831
May-21	1.8	2.4	10.9	242,832
Jun-21	0.6	3.9	13.4	245,432
Jul-21	-0.6	3.5	10.5	244,229
Aug-21	2.0	2.8	11.0	248,857
Sep-21	0.2	1.8	10.0	248,742
Oct-21	0.7	2.1	9.9	250,311











#### **Notes**

Indices and average prices are produced using Nationwide's updated mix adjusted House Price Methodology, which was introduced with effect from the first quarter of 1995. The data is drawn from Nationwide's house purchase mortgage lending at the post survey approvals stage. Price indices are seasonally adjusted using the US Bureau of the Census X12 method. Currently the calculations are based on a monthly data series starting from January 1991. Figures are recalculated each month which may result in revisions to historical data.

More information on the house price index methodology along with time series data and archives of housing research can be found at www.nationwidehousepriceindex.co.uk

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